

New Methods For Approximating Acoustic Wave Transmission Through Ducts

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August 21, 2007

Abstract

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Con en

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 C(c) n  loc y o n  φ   c  2

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 c  n  o  $\mathbb{A}_1$	2
  n  Mod App.o  $\mathbb{A}_1$ on	2
 2  M  Mod App.o  $\mathbb{A}_1$ on	
  pp d  o  $\mathbb{A}_1$	
  n  Mod App.o  $\mathbb{A}_1$ on  n 	
 2  n  n  o  $\mathbb{A}_1$  Mo  n  n 	

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 M  Mod App.o  $\mathbb{A}_1$ on  α   pp d  o  $\mathbb{A}_1$	2
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  d  α	

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L of e re

•	Con o s plo of φ o s d c	?
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•	Con o s plo of φ o s d c	??
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 3 A c l o p o f [o c l y n n]

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 5 d f p l o o f o o d c 2 f o μ - 2 |
 6 p l o o f u o d c 2 f o μ - |
 7 cond o n d y cond on p l o d n k n
 d c 2 f o y n n
 8 A c l o p o f [o c l y

 9 A c l o p o f cond o n d y cond on p l o d n
 k o c l y o a n y n f o n - |
 10 Con o p l o o f o o d c 2 f o [p p d n - |
 11 d f p l o o f o o d c 2 f o [p p d n - |
 12 p l o o f u o d c 2 f o [p p d n

¶¶ ¶plo of **u** o ¶ d c ¶ for ¶ ¶ d ¶ pp d ¶ **n** ¶ ¶

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¶¶, ¶ ¶f plo of **φ** o ¶ d c ¶ for ¶ fo ¶ ¶ pp d ¶ **n** ¶

¶¶ ¶plo of **u** o ¶ d c ¶ for ¶ fo ¶ ¶ pp d ¶ **n** ¶

an $\mathbb{A}^1$ -homotopy

of $\mathbb{A}^1$ -homotopy groups $\pi_n^{\mathbb{A}^1}(X)$ on $\mathbb{A}^1$ -homotopy groups $\pi_n^{\mathbb{A}^1}(Y)$. As a consequence of the above theorem, we have the following proposition.

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$$\nabla_{\mathbf{h}} \cdot \mathbf{u} \nabla_{\mathbf{h}} \phi = \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{k}^2 \phi = 0. \quad (2.2)$$

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M Mode Appro on

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2.1.1. Mod Approach on

$\mathbf{a}_i$ on $\mathbf{v}^{(i)}$ o co pond $\mathbf{a}_j$
 nd $\mathbf{b}_j$ $\mathbf{j}$,
 o o n $\mathbf{v}^{(j)}$ cond on d $\mathbf{a}_1$ nd y $\mathbf{a}_1$ o nd y
 cond on n $\mathbf{a}_1$ y $\mathbf{Y}, \mathbf{b}_j$, nc

$$\tilde{\mathbf{A}}_n \left[\sqrt{\right.$$

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Final on condition

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \int_a^b \left[u_Y \, u_{xx} - u_Y \, u_{yy} - k^2 u_Y \right] Y \, dy \\
 &= \int_a^b \left[u_{xx} Y^2 - Y_x u_x - u_Y \, u_{xx} - Y_{yy} - k^2 Y \right] Y \, dy \\
 &= \int_a^b \left[\alpha u'' - \alpha u' - \beta Y - k^2 \alpha u \right] \\
 &= \int_a^b \left[\alpha u'' - \beta Y - k^2 \alpha u \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

and no condition on α and β

$$\alpha = Y, Y, \quad \beta = Y'', Y, \quad \gamma = Y$$

Final Mod Application

No. β n a b a b

for the production of

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{u} \setminus - \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{R}, \\ & \mathbf{u} \setminus - \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k}^{(\cdot)} \setminus - \mathbf{R}, \\ \Rightarrow \mathbf{u} \setminus \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k}^{(\cdot)} \mathbf{u} \setminus \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k}^{(\cdot)} \setminus - \mathbf{R} \quad \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k}^{(\cdot)} \setminus \mathbf{R} \\ & \Rightarrow \quad \quad \quad \mathbf{u} \setminus \quad \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k}^{(\cdot)} \mathbf{u} \setminus \rightarrow \mathbf{i} \mathbf{k}^{(\cdot)}. \end{aligned}$$

[illegible]

$$- \mathbf{u}_{\perp} - i\kappa^{(\perp)} \mathbf{u}_{\perp}.$$

G_i c_i n_i e_i o c_i y P o e n_i ϕ O e r_i e_i o e_i
 D_i c_i

o c c } φ n $\downarrow$ nd } n $\downarrow$ on $\downarrow$ [$\downarrow$ o } $\downarrow$ on $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ nd $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ o nd $\downarrow$ y cond on $\downarrow$ don n M } $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ n p o $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ bvp4c $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ o } o nd $\downarrow$ y } p o } $\downarrow$ fo $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ n $\downarrow$ c o } $\downarrow$ nd $\downarrow$ y n $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ od nd $\downarrow$ co $\downarrow$ p n n $\downarrow$ on $\downarrow$ n $\downarrow$ no pp op $\downarrow$ fo $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ cc $\downarrow$ c no $\downarrow$ fo p o } $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ y $\downarrow$ p $\downarrow$ n n $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ o } on $\downarrow$ $\downarrow$ n n bvp4c

Derivation of the Boundary Condition

A $u(x, y)$ is a function of x and y satisfying the boundary condition $u(x, 0) = 0$ and $u(x, 1) = 0$. The function $u(x, y)$ is also a function of x and y and is a function of x and y . The function $u(x, y)$ is also a function of x and y and is a function of x and y .

$$u(x, y) = 0 \quad \text{for } y = 0, 1$$

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$$u(x, y) = 0 \quad \text{for } y = 0, 1$$

$$u(x, y) = 0 \quad \text{for } y = 0, 1$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, y) = \sqrt{v(x) - k^2} u(x, y) = \sqrt{v(x) - k^2} A$$

$$\Rightarrow u(x, y) = \sqrt{v(x) - k^2} u(x, y) = \sqrt{v(x) - k^2} A$$

The function $u(x, y)$ is a function of x and y and is a function of x and y .

$$u(x, y) = \sqrt{v(x) - k^2} u(x, y) = \sqrt{v(x) - k^2} A$$

Derivation of the Eigenvalue Problem

The function $u(x, y)$ is a function of x and y and is a function of x and y . The function $u(x, y)$ is also a function of x and y and is a function of x and y .

□

in : Mod Appo on

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and $\mathbf{u}_n \in \text{Mod}$

and

$$\sum_n^N \mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{I}_n - \mathbf{R}_n \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y} = \sum_n^N \mathbf{u}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y}, \quad (22)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{I}_n - \mathbf{R}_n = \mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}, \quad n = 1, \dots, N. \quad (23)$$

From (23) it follows that $\mathbf{R}_n$ is a matrix of order N and $\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}$ is a vector of order N .

$$\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)} = \mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{I}_n - \mathbf{R}_n \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y}, \quad n = 1, \dots, N. \quad (24)$$

Let us now consider the case of a matrix $\mathbf{R}_n$ of order N and $\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}$ of order N .

$$\varphi \approx \sum_n^N \mathbf{T}_n \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{x}} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y}. \quad (25)$$

Let us now consider the case of a matrix $\mathbf{T}_n$ of order N and $\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}$ of order N .

$$\varphi \approx \sum_n^N \mathbf{u}_n \mathbf{x} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}. \quad (26)$$

Let us now consider the case of a matrix $\mathbf{T}_n$ of order N and $\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}$ of order N .

$$\sum_n^N \mathbf{T}_n \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{y}} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y} = \sum_n^N \mathbf{u}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y}, \quad (27)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{T}_n \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{y}} = \mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}, \quad n = 1, \dots, N. \quad (28)$$

and

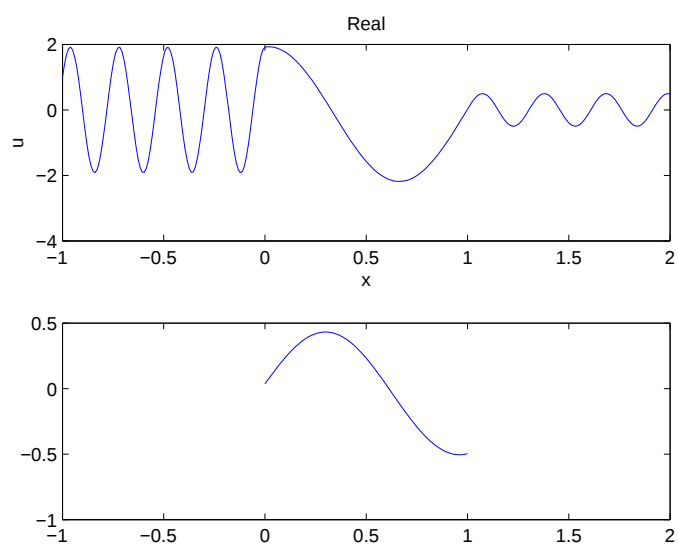
$$\sum_n^N \mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{T}_n \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{y}} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y} = \sum_n^N \mathbf{u}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{Y}_n \mathbf{y}, \quad (29)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{T}_n \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{y}} = \mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}, \quad n = 1, \dots, N. \quad (30)$$

From (30) it follows that $\mathbf{T}_n$ is a matrix of order N and $\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)}$ is a vector of order N .

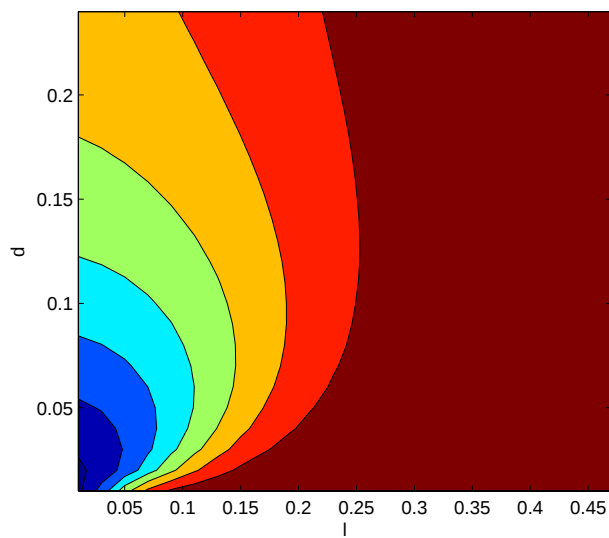
$$\mathbf{u}_n^{(1)} = \mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{T}_n \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{ik}_n^{(1)} \mathbf{y}}, \quad n = 1, \dots, N. \quad (31)$$

$$N_{\mathbf{A}} \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \quad \{ \quad \}$$

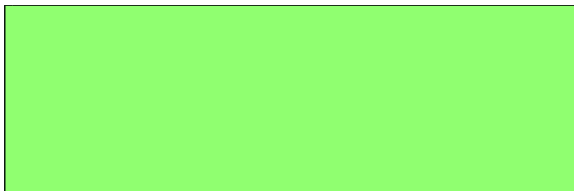


N₁ = c

$$N_{\text{eff}} \approx 1.75$$

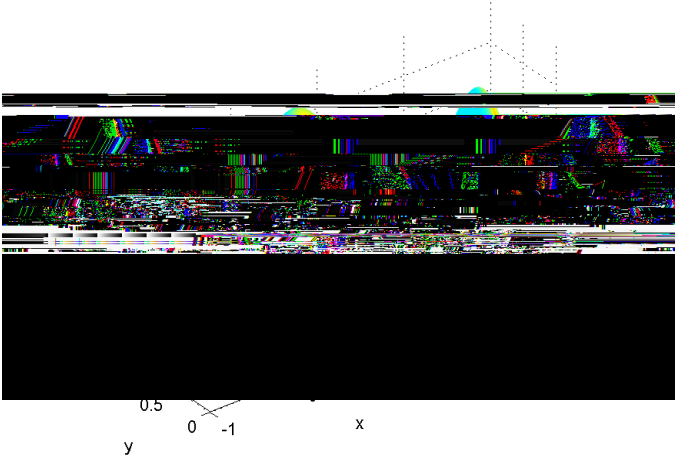


N₁ = c



N₁ = c

$$N_{\mathcal{A}_1} \succ \mathcal{C} \} \quad \}$$

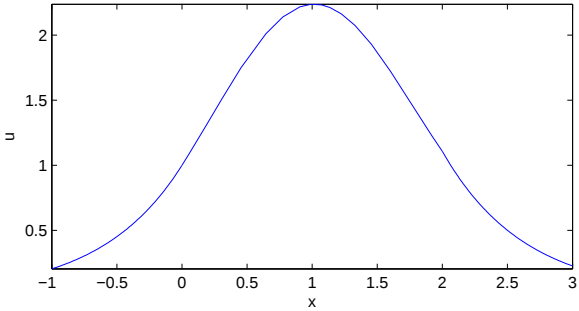


N₂ + C₂H₂ →

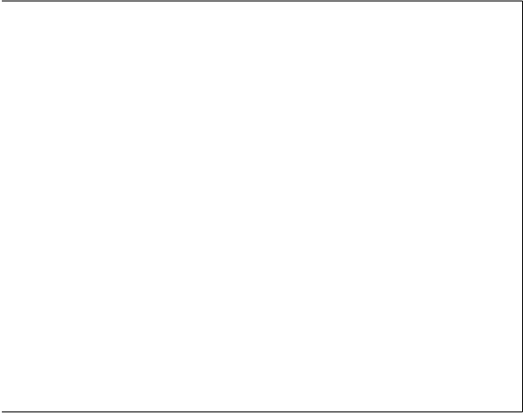
N₁ = c



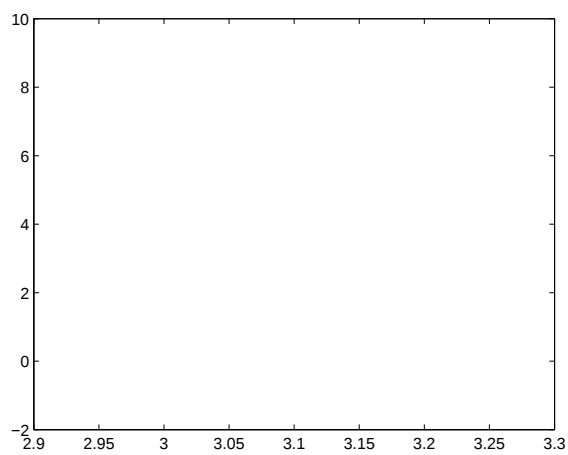
$$N_{\mu_1, \sigma^2}$$



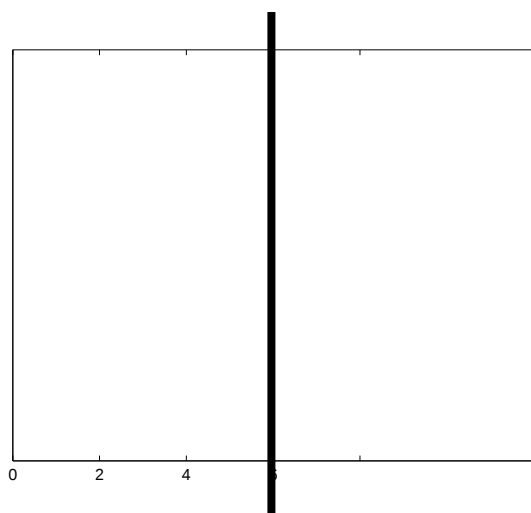
Plot of u vs x for $\mu = 1$



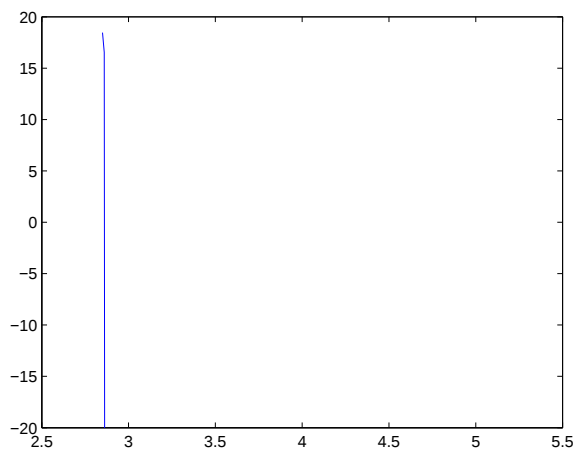
N μ c $\{$ $\}$



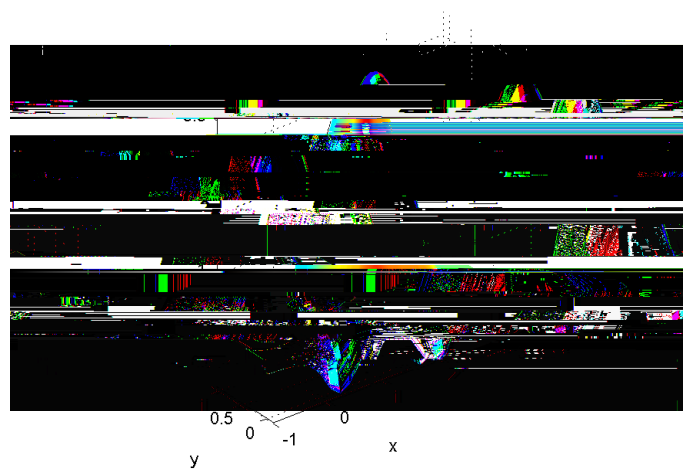
$$N_{\mathcal{A}_1 \times \mathcal{C}} \{ \quad \}$$



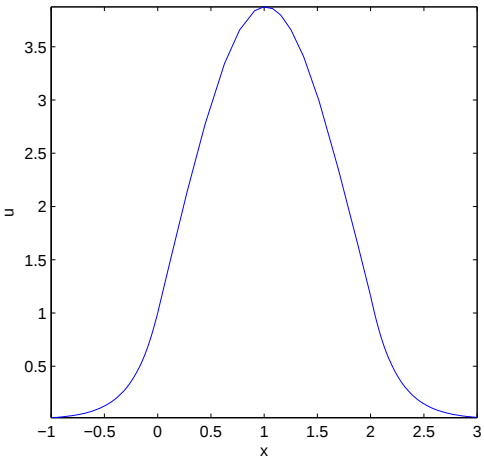
$$N_{\mathbf{A}_1} \neq \mathbf{C} \quad \} \quad \}$$



$$N_{\mathcal{A}_1} \succ c \} \quad \}$$



1.  Plot of ϕ o b d c 2 for $\mathcal{A}_1$ [ pp d $\mathcal{A}_1$]

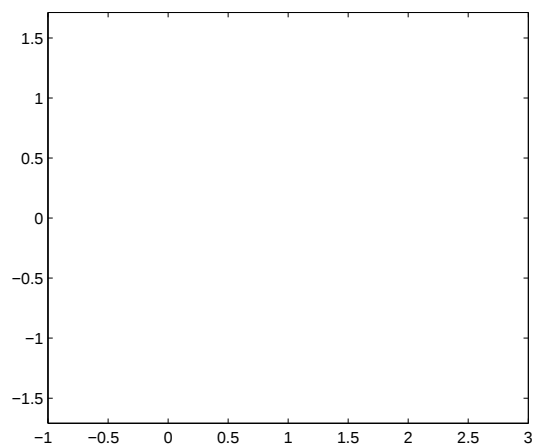


1.  Plot of u o b d c 2 for $\mathcal{A}_1$ [ pp d $\mathcal{A}_1$]

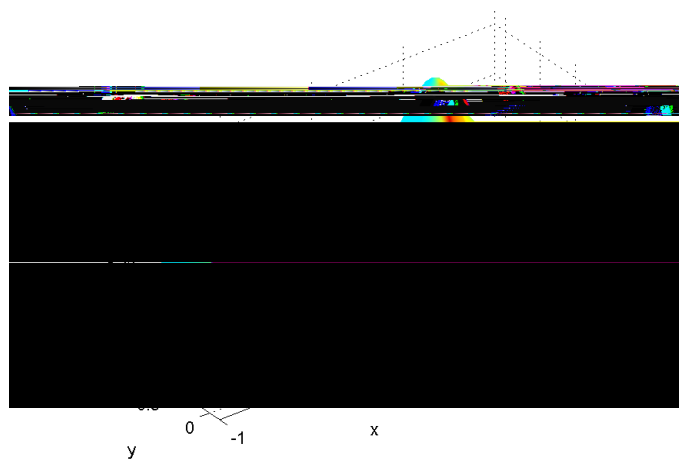
$$N_{\mathcal{A}_1 \times \mathcal{C}} \{ \quad \}$$



$$N_{\mathbf{A}_1 \times \mathbf{C}} \{ \}$$



$$N_{A_1} \approx C \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \right\}$$



N₁ = c

$$N_{\mu_1 \rightarrow c} = \dots$$

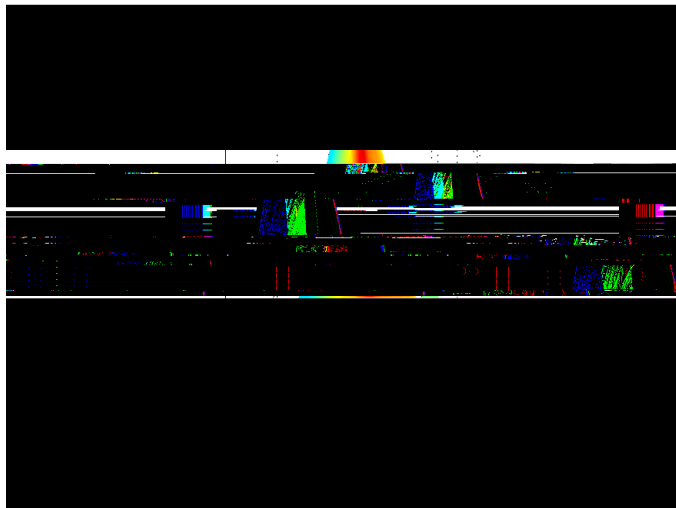
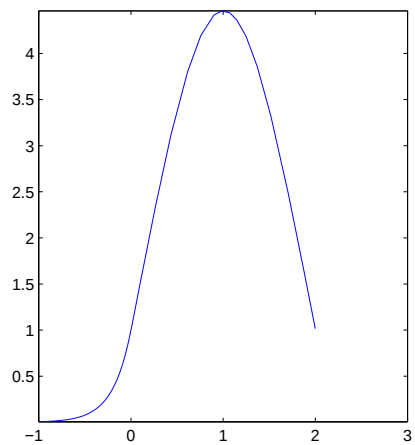


Figure 1: A plot of ϕ vs ϕ for $\mu_1 \rightarrow c$ [Ref. [1] pp d] $\mu_1 \rightarrow c$



N₁ = c

$$N_{\mathbf{A}} \neq \mathbf{C} \quad \} \quad \}$$

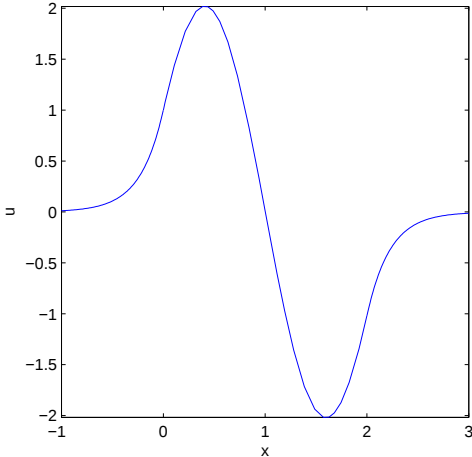


Figure 1: Plot of u on $[0, 2]$ for $\mathbf{A}$ cond. n. pp d. $\mathbf{n} = 10$



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2. On the end of the z-axis, the position of the end of the pipe is on **J. Fluid Mechanics** 367-382

On the end of the pipe, the position is on **J. Fluid Mechanics** 51-63